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# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME XIV

THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 23, 1882.

PRICE 5 CENTS

## IMPROVING THE RIVERS.

A SUBJECT THAT NEEDS CONSIDERATION.

The Claims of Georgia upon the Public Treasury in Behalf of the Rivers and Harbors—The Need of Its Protection in Savannah Harbor—The Garfield Memorial Service.

WASHINGTON, February 20.—[Special Correspondence.]—The house will have few more important measures to discuss than the river and harbor bill. Southern rivers and ports have never had a fair showing in this annual bill, and of them all the most neglected have been the rivers and harbors of Georgia.

In the last congress Randall fixed the committee so that scarcely any of Judge Reagan's plans could be carried out, while Cox fought every clause of the bill on the floor.

From Keifer's committee we can expect little more, though the increased popular demand for such internal improvements may bring good results.

The ports are all putting in petitions more than they can get. Every representative, to secure a practical benefit for his constituency, is at work already to ship in his favorite appropriation. Of pull and counter pulling there will be enough. The harbor at Savannah has never had anything like justice. Savannah is becoming one of the great outlets for the commerce of the country and with present railroad connections will grow into greater importance every year.

The United States engineer in charge of southern coast improvements has made full surveys, from which he has perfected a system of improved agents for the Savannah river that will meet the demands of its growing commerce. May 1st open a permanent channel to the sea for any amount of shipping.

These plans have been submitted to the United States board of engineers and have received their approval.

To carry them out will require about \$750,000 and two years work. The friends of Savannah will ask for \$350,000 from the present congress. Their position will be pressed by Representative Black and the entire Georgia delegation, for this is a matter of great importance to the entire state.

In the senate Mr. Hill and Governor Brown are already heartily enlisted in behalf of the injured port. They may, as they did last year, secure an increase on what the house first proposes to give. At any rate a strong case will be made out for Savannah.

The claims of Brunswick, the upper Savannah river, the Coosa, the Chattahoochee and the Altamaha will all be duly canvassed. Consider the fact that usually ten times as much money is spent on the roads and the difficulty of procuring anything like adequate appropriations will at once appear.

Thirty thousand miles of river are applying for aid and they cannot all be gratified, but I doubt if any of them can put up as strong a case as the rivers and harbors of Georgia.

We shall have to depend on liberal representations, for such men as Cox will hold close their lists to the last, to make capital at home, while Randall's old prejudices will again crop out.

The enormous demands of the Mississippi river will dwarf the claims of the smaller streams unless there is a united effort by representatives whose constituents have the misfortune to live away from the "father of waters."

Senator Hill will be back from Philadelphia in a few days. He caught a cold last week which has delayed his recovery. A letter received from Mrs. Hill yesterday stated that he was rapidly getting well, was eating heartily and had begun to read the newspapers. His physicians are more hopeful than ever. Dr. Gross, outside of his professional interest in the case, has a warm personal regard for the senator.

A few days ago the president paid Mr. Hill a neat compliment by sending to his home on Farragut square a bouquet composed of the rarest treasures of the white house conservatory. It was received by Mrs. Thompson, the widow and formally presented the testimonial. C. A. Withers, formerly adjutant general of General J. H. Morgan's staff, made the presentation address as follows:

The officers of the steamer C. A. Withers, James D. Campbell, B. F. Knipe and Ferdinand D. Schwartz, a committee appointed by the confederate soldiers resident in Cincinnati and its vicinity, arrived here this morning, bringing with them a memorial to the late president, prepared for Mrs. Garland. The resolutions are framed in Fennelton, Ohio, and have been adopted and cut from a single block about two feet square. The United States coat of arms is inlaid in Mexican onyx at each corner.

The committee called upon Mrs. Garland this forenoon and formally presented the testimonial. C. A. Withers, formerly adjutant general of General J. H. Morgan's staff, made the presentation address as follows:

Gentlemen: I am very grateful to you and to those from whom this beautiful gift comes, for its sake and for the sentiment expressed.

THE PROMISED LAND

That Awaits the Jewish Refugees from Russia.

PHILADELPHIA, February 22.—Another offer of land for the Russian refugees was received by Mayor King this morning. In a communication from Calvin J. Cowles, of Charlotte, N. C., he says: "Observing the very liberal offer of free homes for the persecuted Russian Jews expected on the steamer Illinois, made by Hamilton, the president of the Illinois Central company, and having large bodies of land in the mountains of this state, which I want settled, I am induced to make the same offer of free homes for fifty families, forty acres to the family, in fee simple. The lands I offer are situated in the counties of Alexander and Wilkes and are adapted to corn, wheat, tobacco, etc; well watered and covered with virgin forest."

Between Cairo and Memphis the following

points of land only are visible above the surging floods: The bluffs at Columbus, the hills back of Hickman, the land on the Tennessee side opposite island No. 109, New Madrid Point Pleasant, Tiptonville, Fuller bluffs, Randolph, Richardson, islands Nos. 35 and 36, and the land above the mouth of the Tennessee cut off, forty miles above Memphis.

The policy of the reconstruction seems to be to stave off the real issue while some of the men supposed to be reform leaders show signs of dropping into a temporizing policy. There will be hot shot however before the session is over. Peter Cooper's letter to Mr. Beck, congratulating him on his recent tariff speech, is being freely cited in Washington by the Venetian orphobers.

Mr. Julius L. Brown and wife arrived last night and will remain several days.

SERGEANT MASON.

His Trial for Shooting at Guitau Begun—He is Arraigned and Pleads "Not Guilty."

Washington City.

The general court martial to try Sergeant Mason for attempting to shoot the assassin Guitau commenced at the arsenal to-day. A Critic reporter was one of the first to arrive on the ground, and made his way to the cell of Mason. He found the sergeant pacing his cell and looking somewhat careworn. "How do you feel?" was the first question put by the critic.

"Well," said Mason, "I feel as well under the circumstances as I could expect. You see," he observed, "to-day makes the one hundred and sixty-first day that I have been confined in this place, and all for shooting at the man who assassinated the head of state."

"What prompted you to attempt the life of Guitau?" asked the critic.

WASHINGTON, February 22.—The national board of health has received advice from Port au Prince, Hayd, that during the week ending January 31, 1882, there were cases of smallpox and death; and during the week ending February 7, seventy-nine new cases and 220 deaths. The minister recent said: "that without doubt these figures are greater than those of the preceding week."

Hayd devarated by small pox.

THE OLD TERRACE.

Toronto, Ontario, February 22.—The Rev. E. B. Ryerson, D.D., an eminent divine, arrived in this province, and for a long time superintended education in this province, died to-day at the age of 78.

## THE RUSHING FLOODS

DEVASTATING THE VALLEY OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

The Whales Encroaching upon the Highlands, and Deviating the Inlets Back in Search of Dry Earth—The Destruction to Crops and Property Along the River.

WASHINGTON, February 22.—Dis派ches received at a late hour last night report that a great storm reached Chicago, and the weather turned much colder. Telegraphic communication in all directions is seriously interfered with, or entirely cut off. The bridges have been washed away and travel on several railroads has been suspended. The freeze up has checked the flow of water from the ground into the little streams, and most little streams and creeks are falling.

Reports from points throughout the west tell the same story of flood and disaster. The river has been general, and in many places accompanied with wind and sleet.

The prison is confined is a dingy one, indeed. It adjoins a water-closet, and is damp and gloomy.

There is not a single place through which the light of Heaven can be seen.

The cell is a dark, dreary, hole, with a single window, a skylight, overhead, the only place through which the light of Heaven can be seen.

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## THE LAND WE LIVE IN.

WHAT THE PEOPLE ARE DOING,  
SAYING AND THINKING.

A brilliant Social Occasion in Albany—The Crop Protection Society of Southwest Georgia—Burglary by a Slave—Negro—A Frightened Mule—A Thief Arrested—Deaths and Marriages.

ALBANY, February 21.—[Special.]—From statements made by all the planters the writer has conversed with recently, the oat crop thus far is the best this section has had for years. In this county a larger area is planted than ever before, and the same is true. I learn, of Worth and Irwin, which are par excellence, the best oat producing counties in southwest Georgia. Fears are entertained, however, that the unusually mild winter we have had may bring on the rust prematurely. In Burke the stand is also excellent, and the Hon. Reuben Jones, one of the best and most experienced farmers in the county, or anywhere else, thinks the crop is in a critical condition, owing to the unseasonable weather. One of the most elegant and recherche society events of the Albany season was the entertainment given last evening at the palatial residence of the Hon. L. E. Welch, late senior of the firm of Welch & Bacon, of this city, in honor of Miss Carl Dudley of New Haven, Conn., now on a visit to his family. The spacious grounds surrounding the hospitable mansion, were brilliantly illuminated, and all the elite and beauty of Albany graced the scene with their presence. The festivities were prolonged to a late hour, while music and the flying feet of terpsichorean votaries chased away every thought, save those of pleasure. Some slight changes in the schedule of the Southwest railroad were made on Sunday last. The train from Macon bringing THE CONSTITUTION of same day, now reaches Albany at 1:08 p.m., and leaves Albany for Macon at 1:46 p.m. The total cotton receipts at Albany since September 1, 1881, amounts to 22,507 bales. Amount on hand, 2,634 bales.—Quite a party of Albany people went down on the Brunswick and Albany railroad to Brunswick to-day on a pleasure excursion.

ATLANTA, February 21.—[Special.]—The union passenger depot at this place is undergoing some slight improvements that will be of great convenience to the traveling public. New ticket offices, baggage rooms and ladies' waiting room, etc., are being annexed to the main building.—Harbin Brothers have purchased the stock of goods of the late firm of Moorman & Johnson, and now offer them to the public at their new department store, which is quite an addition to their store. Miss Annie Comer is on a visit to her friend, Miss Nellie Crook, of Knoxville, Tenn.—Horace Bradley, the young Atlanta artist, is in the city on his way to New York.—Mr. B. Friedeman, of Tuscaloosa, Ala., is on a visit to his father-in-law, D. R. Loveman, and family, of this city.—Mr. Ben Carter has been added to the staff of the Argus. A good addition. He is a native of Atlanta.—Vaccination has many sure arms to its credit in this city, although we have no small pox here, nor aperient any danger from the disease. Our people are always on the alert.

ATLANTA, February 21.—[Special.]—Floyd Kenney, one of the most prosperous colored men of Oconee county, lost by fire, last night, his barn, stable, with his corn, fodder, cotton seed, three hogs, five turkeys, two hens, two hens, a buggy, harness, etc., amounting in value to about \$1,000. No insurance.—Mrs. Jackson, nee Miss Milly Vincent, wife of one of Athens' most worthy merchants, died last night.—I have just seen a beautiful drawing of the chapel to be built for the Lucy Cobb institute this summer. It is perfect in design, and reflects great credit on the architect, Captain W. W. Thomas. No doubt Mr. G. I. Seely will be proud of this structure, which will bear his name.

THOMASTON, February 22.—[Special.]—Peter Oberry, a colored man, entered the dwelling of Mr. E. E. Love, on Andrews street last Sunday night and stole one hundred and seventy dollars in gold, and left the following morning for Talbotton. He was brought back by Deputy Sheriff Smith, Tues. day, and on hearing the evidence in the case was bound over to appear at July term of Upson superior court, by Judge Stuges, the bond being fixed at \$1,000. The gold has not been recovered.—It has been reported here for the last day or two that there is a case of small-pox in the county.

MARIETTA, February 22.—[Special.]—Yesterday evening a male becoming frightened at a freight train, ran away with and over-turned a buggy to which he was attached. Mr. A. J. Cheeney and Colonel R. C. Irwin, who were in the buggy, were only slightly injured.—Colonel R. M. Pulsifer and Mr. Alfred, two Atlanta capitalists, are on the Marietta and North Georgia railroad prospecting on Monday last.—The negro who stole a ladies' trunk from out the depot some weeks since, was caught last Saturday. He had, some rings obtained from the trunk which led to his arrest.

DAWSON, February 20.—[Special.]—Rev. J. O. Clark, D.D., L.L.D., delivered a very instructive lecture on "The rise and fall of the Ecumenical Methodist conference" held last year in London.—Mr. W. L. Weston, local editor of the Dawson Journal, leaves today for Florida, where he will spend several months with the hope of recuperating his failing health.—We are determined to have a city park and a new city hall here before the year closes.

CUTHBERT, February 20.—[Special.]—Rev. Mr. Beveridge, a highly respected Presbyterian minister, who died Saturday morning, and was buried yesterday. He was born in this place, is visiting friends and relatives in Atlanta.—Mrs. L. F. Blalock seems to be improving in health.—Our farmers are planting large oat crops, and more attention is given to small grain.

People who cannot spend the season of winds and cold in sunny Florida should keep Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in the house. It is the best remedy for colds and coughs and will relieve sufferers at once.

An English resident of Odessa, who has lived there many years, writes to the London Daily News that the reported outrages upon Jews in Russia are grossly exaggerated. He says that the number of persons who have been tried for taking leading parts in these riots could scarcely be numbered. The trials were all tried publicly, in open courts, whether civil or military. And though several were found guilty of having caused the death of Jews, nothing ever seems to have been proved about charges of rape. Had this crime, or any of the more horrible and exceptional crimes set forth in the indictment

been really perpetrated, the papers would have noticed it.

To Extract a skin Person.  
Add about twenty drops of Darby's Prophylactic Fluid to a quart of water, in bathing. It will give the skin a soft, pleasant and refreshing feeling and dispel the odor that fever and perspiration leaves on the body. A small quantity of the fluid sprinkled over anything, place or vessel where there is putrescence, destroys at once the germ of all animal or vegetable poison.

A gang of juvenile thieves, seven in number, who have been operating successfully in Brooklyn since last October, were bagged by the police of that city a few nights ago. None of the gang were under the age of sixteen years, the oldest being a sixteen-year-old captain, who had already made a recruit for himself at police headquarters. At first they confined themselves to petty thieving, but emboldened by success, they executed some very shrewd burglary jobs. One of their number, who was arrested for piracy, was so overcome by fear that he revealed the secret of the organization.

A World of Good.  
One of the most popular medicines now before the American public, is Hop Bitters. You see it everywhere. People take it with good effect. It builds them up. It is not as pleasant to the taste as some other Bitters, as it is not a whisky drink. It is more like the old-fashioned bone-set tea, that has done a world of good. If you don't feel just right, try 2 oz Bitters.—Nunda News.

It is a singular fact that actors, whose habits of life might be supposed to conduct to a different result, are exceptionally long lived. Macklin died at 107, Davison at 88, Roger Kemble at 82, Macready at 80, Young at 79, Paul Bedford at 78, Buckstone at 77, Marsden at 74, Miss O'Neill at 81, Mrs. Siddons at 76, Mrs. Brangbridge at 83, Mrs. Abingdon at 84. Of those still living, Webster is 84, Mrs. May at 76, and our own John Gilbert is still at 72.

The Key to Health.  
Have you found the key to perfect health and strength? It is Kidney-Wort, which remedy that overcomes once the inaction of the kidneys and bowels. It purifies the blood by the removal of foul humors and by giving strength to the liver, kidneys and bowels to perform their regular functions. See displayed advertisement.

At a recent meeting of the Philological society in London, Dr. Murray gave his annual report on the progress of the society's dictionary. Of about a million slips sent out by him, nearly 900,000 had come back. His best contributor was Mr. Austin, of Oxford; his second, an American gentleman, his third, Mr. William Douglas, of London. He reckoned the slips handed over to him by his predecessor as two millions and a half.

A Cough, Cold or Sore Throat requires immediate attention, as neglect oftentimes results in some incurable lung disease. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" will almost invariably give relief.

KIDNEY-WORT.  
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION.  
No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a remedy. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the constipation, you will be relieved by this remedy will overcome.

PILE.—This distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation, and to strengthen the weakened parts and quickly cure this kind of piles even when physicians have made no progress. If you have either of these troubles  
PRICE 51. USE Druggists Sell

KIDNEY-WORT  
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COLORS.

THE DIAMOND DYES.  
The Simplest, Cheapest  
Lycoperdon, Chrysanthemum, Cockscomb, etc.  
Any one can color any fabric or fancy article  
in a few moments. Price 10c per oz.  
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.  
apd-diy nrd mat nrd

BONESET BOURBON TONIC  
Finest and most delightful Tonic in the world. Made of fine old Kentucky Whisky.  
THE BONESET BOURBON TONIC CO., Proprietors.  
LOUISVILLE, KY.

SOLD BY HUTCHINSON & BRO., Atlanta, Ga.

J. MICHELOT & CO.,  
48 Broad Street New York.

STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.  
Fractional Lots Close to the Market.

STOCK PRIVILEGES

BY SAYE, KEENE and other first-class Makers at bottom prices.  
List price 3m less than 3m.

ATTENTION!

Physicians and Medical Students.

PEMBERTON, IVERSON & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,

40 & 42 WALL STREET.

ARE NOW RECEIVING ONE OF THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCKS OF SUNDAY INVESTMENTS EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET, WHICH THEY WILL SELL AT LOW PRICES. CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES.

PEMBERTON, IVERSON, & CO.

M. E. PAGE & CO.  
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF CONFECTIONERY

207, 209, 211 and 213 Lake Street,  
CHICAGO.

Represented by W. G. McCLELLAN.

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D. FRAZIER AND A. P. MORGAN HAVE

very recently formed a copartnership under the first name and style of

FRAZIER & MORGAN.

They will do a wholesale and retail grocery business at the old stand of J. D. Frazier, 79 Whitehall and 90 Broad streets. The members of this firm are men, and with a good capital, together with experience in the grocery and retail business, they can and will give special attention to the many old customers of J. D. Frazier, as well as to the new ones. Their standing and business capacity warrants their guarantee of low prices and fair dealing as their motto. Call on them.

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A NEW FIRM.

G. J. FOREACHE, WM. S. THOMSON, Trustees

O. C. S. TERHUNE,  
Boarding, Livery and Sale Stable,

No. 24 W. Alabama and 46 Forsyth Streets,  
ATLANTA, GA.

Centrally located and conveniently arranged for the care of horses and mules.

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THE CONSTITUTION,  
PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at \$1 per month, \$10 for three months, or \$10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at news stands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

UNDER no circumstances will the editors undertake to preserve or return manuscripts not available for publication.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,  
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., FEBRUARY 28, 1882.

BRADLAUGH seems to be the man without a seat.

SERGEANT MASON narrowly escapes being big a crack as Guiteau.

At Mrs. Suratt's neglected grave public clamor is put to shame.

An alliance, offensive and defensive, between Spain and Portugal is being agitated.

It is only about ten years ago, but hearing of Gratz Brown now is like a voice from the tomb.

MICHAEL DAVITT is in jail, but he can do as much representing an Irish constituency there as he could in parliament.

The rising of the waters in the Mississippi continues to inflict great damage upon the country. The details report many cases of harrowing hardship.

SKERRETT is the most talked of man in Europe. He is now discussed in all the capitals, and bids fair to become the author of the next continental war.

EX-GOVERNOR SMITH returns to the charge, and gives Dr. Felton some food for thought. There is nothing like keeping up the public interest in what is going on.

The house of commons has ordered another election to fill the vacancy caused by the expulsion of Mr. Bradlaugh. The great obstructionist will be a candidate for re-election.

THE Philadelphia election resulted in a victory for the citizens' ticket. The rascality practiced by both political parties has been for many years a standing disgrace to the city, until the people were roused to act for themselves with the result named. Of the candidates elected, the democrats have a majority.

The ownership of the Nashville American, which has been in dispute since the death of Mr. Burch, has been decided by the courts adversely to its present holders. The change of management is also expected to lead to a change of policy in regard to the state debt, making the question a matter of some public interest.

Five embryo states are rapping at the door of the union for admission. They are Arizona, Idaho, New Mexico, Washington and Dakota. The admission of the last named territory is a foregone conclusion, but the others will have to stand out in the anteroom until they can give evidences of stalwart republicanism.

The souvenirs presented to Mrs. Garfield by the ex-confederate soldiers in Cincinnati will, no doubt, be cherished by that lady as one of the most sacred memorials of her late husband. The occasion of its presentation was one of saddened pleasure, for none held the virtues of Garfield in more admiration than the soldiers of the late confederacy.

## THE NEW APPORTIONMENT.

The senate adopted the house bill on Tuesday without a formal vote, and it has doubtless received the signature of the president, and is now the law of the land for a period of ten years. The following comparative tables are all that are needed to give the reader a clear idea of the changes involved in the apportionment of members of congress among the states:

States	No.	1880.	1870.	1860.	1850.
New England.....	5	26	28	27	29
Mid-Atlantic.....	9	69	67	65	62
Southern.....	16	121	106	93	90
Western.....	10	101	86	66	53
Pacific.....	3	8	6	5	3
Total.....	38	325	293	243	238

## The table by states is as follows:

States	No.	1880.	1870.	1860.	1850.
Alabama.....	8	10	11	10	11
Arkansas.....	5	4	3	2	2
California.....	6	4	3	2	2
Connecticut.....	4	4	4	4	4
Delaware.....	1	1	1	1	1
Florida.....	2	2	1	1	1
Illinois.....	10	9	7	8	8
Indiana.....	20	19	14	9	9
Iowa.....	13	13	11	11	11
Kansas.....	11	9	6	6	6
Kentucky.....	7	8	5	5	5
Louisiana.....	11	10	9	10	10
Maine.....	6	6	5	4	4
Maryland.....	6	5	5	5	5
Massachusetts.....	12	11	10	11	11
Michigan.....	11	9	6	4	4
Minnesota.....	3	2	1	1	1
Mississippi.....	7	6	5	5	5
Missouri.....	14	13	9	7	7
Nebraska.....	3	1	1	1	1
New Hampshire.....	2	3	1	1	1
New Jersey.....	7	7	5	5	5
New Mexico.....	34	33	31	23	23
North Carolina.....	9	8	7	7	7
Ohio.....	21	20	19	21	21
Oregon.....	1	1	1	1	1
Pennsylvania.....	26	27	24	25	25
Rhode Island.....	2	2	2	2	2
South Carolina.....	7	5	4	6	6
Tennessee.....	10	10	8	10	10
Vermont.....	2	2	2	2	2
Virginia.....	10	9	8	13	13
West Virginia.....	4	3	3	3	3
Wisconsin.....	9	8	6	3	3
Total.....	325	293	243	238	238

## THE MORMON PROBLEM.

The Mormon polygamists practically defy the authority of the United States, and in Utah this rebellion against a valid and constitutional statute has assumed an organized and threatening form. Out of the thirty-six members of the Utah legislature twenty-eight live in open defiance of that law of the United States which declares that polygamy is a crime; and these men and their associates have, so organized affairs in Utah that convictions under this law are impossible. The alleged marriages are consummated in secret, and when evidence is sought there is a notable absence of witnesses. The Edmunds bill, which has passed the sen-

ate, recognizes the difficulty of executing a penal statute in the offending territory, and it brings to bear upon the polygamists the perils of disfranchisement. It proposes to rob both the men and women of Utah of political power unless they abandon polygamy. It is a remedy that has not been tested, and we hope the bill will speedily become a law, and that its execution will be rigid even if the whole power of the general government has to be called in.

The New York Herald advocates an additional remedy. It supports the Edmunds bill, but it does not believe that any mere statute will remove polygamy. It thinks that moral reform must accompany legal coercion if a bloody catastrophe is to be averted. Its proposed moral reform consists in a preaching of the primitive Mormon faith among the followers of Brigham Young. In the original Mormon creed polygamy was set down as an abomination, and it was not until 1852 that the ritual was added to the ritual. On the 29th of August, 1852, Brigham Young had the audacity and mendacity to produce a document that he called a written revelation of divine command. It made polygamy a part of the Mormon creed, and to-day 100,000 people accept it in practice or theory. There are, however, twenty thousand Mormons who reject it, and declare that the revelation of 1852 is a "miserable fraud." Our esteemed New York contemporary urges that inasmuch as Christian missions have made little or no impression in Utah, help should be given to the primitive Mormons to preach in all parts of the south. The Constitution called attention to the fact that the McKinley bill proposed to rob the cotton-planters by doubling the tax on cotton ties. "Bless 'you innocent soul!" says the Telegraph, "the planters will not be the victims. They are now making a net profit of \$154 a ton on all the ties they use." It would seem, however, that they are not growing rich or even more comfortable even with this large net income in their favor. The simple question is, is it just to levy an additional tax (amounting to \$19.19 a ton on cotton ties) upon the profits of the cotton planters of the south in order to enrich a few Pennsylvania manufacturers? In other words, it is not robbery, pure and simple, for congress to pass a law taking from the profits of the white and black cotton growers of the south in order to add to the profits of manufacturers who have already grown rich under the indiscriminate discriminations of a war tariff? The esteemed Telegraph concludes its article as follows:

We are frank to say that we do not favor protection from any sectional standpoint. The policy is national, and proceeds upon the idea that the interests of the country are a unit. If it requires \$19 additional duty upon foreign made cottons to enable our manufacturers to produce them profitably, we say that duty should be placed upon them. The present tariff, it will be remembered, is what The Constitution wants revised. It will be time enough to review Mr. McKinley's bill when it becomes a law. We are against monopolies, and have promised The Constitution to assist in destroying them when it points them out. We shall not attempt, however, to secure the benefits of a protective system to the whole country, and at the same time oppose the prejudices of southern planters and farmers because they are called upon to contribute their share to its support.

We are as frank as just to say that we oppose protection that is sectional in its results; and we are opposed to "protection," so-called, that is not protection, but robbery.

There is neither justice nor reason in demanding that we are in earnest in dealing with polygamists and that men who are opposed to polygamy must play a prominent part in the government.

QUEEN MARGARET, of Italy, has among the ladies of her court two Americans whose magnificent jewels almost eclipse the famous diamonds of the Royal Princesses. They are the Princess Alice of Bourbon, nee Field, and the Princess Cen, nee Spencer.

QUEEN MARGARET is still living in Prussia, lady in her youth was on terms of friendly and intimate relationship with Goethe. She is now the Baroness Ulrike von Lichtenau, her age nearly ninety, and she is a widow.

GENERAL T. W. HIGGINSON has criticized

Colonel J. K. Powers, of Keokuk, for







Office Dougherty's Dry Goods Palace,  
Atlanta, Ga., February 20th, 1882.

Messrs. McBride & Co.:

I am using one of your "Gate City Stone Filters" at my store, and must say that it possesses great merit. It does its work perfectly and satisfactorily, and is very simple and easily kept in order.

Truly,  
DAVID H. DOUGHERTY.  
Jan 16 day above we're top col

### BULLETIN NEW BOOKS.

JOHN EA. by Judge Tourgee, author of <i>Fools</i> .	\$1.00
Elmwood Maid, a novel by Clementine.	1.25
My Wife and My Wife's Sister (No Name Series).	1.00
AUNT SERENA, by the author. "One Sun-	1.00
month's Story."	1.00
Familiar Stories, Wheeler.	3.50
Illustrated by Hopkins.	3.50
MOSES, by Alice H. H. 1.50	
The Booths, by Clarke.	2.00
Portrait of a Lady; Henry James.	2.00
Oscar Wilde's Poems.	1.25
For sale by HOLMAN, COFFIN & CO., Booksellers, Art and Commercial Stationers, 26 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.	

### COTTON AND WEATHER.

On Saturday, midday uplands close in Liverpool yesterday, at 6:16 a.m. in New York, at 11 a.m. in Atlanta, at 11 a.m.

#### Weather.

The Signal Service Bureau report indicates for Georgia to day, fair weather, winds mostly north-westerly stationary or higher temperature and pressure.

#### Daily Weather Report.

OFFICER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A.  
KIMBALL HOUSE, February 22, 10:31, P. M.  
(All observations taken at the same moment of actual time.)

NAME OF STATION.	Latitude	Longitude	WIND.		Weather
			Direction	Force	
Atlanta.	33° 26' 49"	84° 29' N. W.	Fresh	00	Clear.
Augusta.	32° 00' 02"	83° 29' N. W.	Fresh	00	Clear.
Palestine.	32° 15' 57"	89° E. Light	Fair.	00	Clear.
Galveston.	29° 15' 57"	92° N. W.	Very	00	Clear.
As. West.	29° 25' 74"	92° N. W.	Light	00	Clear.
Mobile.	30° 28' 49"	88° N. W.	Light	00	Clear.
Montgomery.	30° 29' 48"	82° N. W.	Light	00	Clear.
For. ala.	30° 29' 19"	80° N. W.	Fresh	00	Clear.
Savannah.	31° 17' 53"	80° N. W.	Fresh	00	Clear.

NOTE.—Forces of WIND: Light, 1 to 2 miles per hour, Inclusive; Gentle, 2 to 5, Inclusive; Fresh, 5 to 10, Inclusive; Brisk, 10 to 20, Inclusive; High, 20 to 30, Inclusive.

#### Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., February 22, 1882.

TIME.	Barometer.	Wind.		Rainfall.	Weather
		Direction	Force		
8:11 a. m.	30.0814	22 N. W.	Fresh	00	Clear.
10:21	30.0822	21 N. W.	Brisk	00	Clear.
2:00 p. m.	30.0821	26 N. W.	Brisk	00	Clear.
2:31	30.0820	24 N. W.	Fresh	00	Clear.
3:21	30.0819	20 N. W.	Fresh	00	Clear.
Mean daily bar.	30.0820	Maximum per-			
Mean daily ther.	41.7	Minimum ther.			
Mean daily humid.	46.7	Total rainfall.			

H. H. H. Signal Report, Feb. 22.

WE ARE OPENING  
NEW Goods  
EVERY DAY.  
J. P. STEVENS & CO.  
JEWELERS,  
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Feb 17—18—19—20

CENTENNIAL BUILDING.



Superior quality of SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES in silver and steel you will find at No. 5 Whitehall Street. We do not induce high prices for inferior goods. I guarantee a very fair sale and I only keep the best and most reliable goods, guaranteed for satisfaction for four years. Give us your purchasing elsewhere.

A. E. PICKERT,  
Wholesale and Retail Jeweler.  
We were

### STETTINGS.

Exceeding ten lines, for one dollar.

At the Kimball from Georgia.

R. C. ARCANUM.

Attention members, You are earnestly requested to come out to night. A full attendance is desired.

Business is much improved, and will reward you. A change of by-laws contemplated. Many a question before you.

G. S. Prior, Secretary.

If you have Consumption, or think you have, send us to your dealer at once for a bottle of Brewer's Lung Restorer, and be cured. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar.

### ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

A RARE CHANCE.  
The entire stock of watches, clocks and jewelry, assigned to me by L. C. Zander, No. 29 Whitehall street, must be sold within the next thirty days regardless of cost.

Feb 22—1st—8th.

Waite Taylor says: "I have a large sale for Brewer's Lung Restorer and where I send one bottle for trial the purchaser invariably buys the second bottle and speaks highly of the medicine."

Feb 17 dim—top local news col.

All stock of lumber and building material. All first class and sold at prices that will not beat. Wait corner Pryor and Wheat streets.

676 feb 19—dim.

W. D. BELL.

At the Kimball from Georgia.

J. R. Rhea, Griffin; A. B. Westlow, Albany; M. D. Height, St. Louis; C. H. Scott, LaGrange; Mrs. Cas-tillo, Atlanta; Mrs. Pierce, Georgia; J. M. Fletcher, Columbus.

Opening in Atlanta.

Large and attention audience assembled every afternoon and night at the M. E. church, to listen to the very interesting sermons delivered by Mrs. E. Springer Oliver, of Ohio. A number of the clergy of the city attend and great good is being accomplished.

Notice this and see if we are not right. A neighbor buys a bottle of Brewer's Lung Restorer and in less than two weeks all his neighbors will have a bottle.

"Reckonings." New, under complete care 4 days, urinary affection, smarting, frequent or difficult urination, kidney disease. M. D. Druggist, Depot, Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta.

Feb 22 dim—top local news col.

### THE SACRED SPOT

WHICH WE CONSECRATE TO THE DEAD.

An Interview with Ex-Sexton Holland—His Plans for a New Cemetery—a Question which the City Council will Soon Have to Consider—Where Shall it be Located?

Yesterday a CONSTITUTION reporter was making his way down Decatur street at his usual 2:30 p.m. when he was hailed by Mr. Green Holland, who for six years was the sexton of Oakland cemetery, but who was guillotined by the city court last summer.

"Sometime," began Mr. Holland as the reporter drew near, "you may come down and I will give you some points for an article on a new cemetery."

"Why not give them to me now?" asked the reporter, as he thought of the great death of news for the past few days.

"Come down to-morrow."

"No, sir, to-day."

"Well, come in."

Mr. Holland led the way into a cosy room in the rear of his establishment, and handing the reporter a chair, said:

"Do you know that within eighteen months every lot in Oakland cemetery will have been sold?"

The reporter answered that he had heard an intimation to that effect, and Mr. Holland continued:

"It is true. In less than a year and a half every lot that people would have will be sold and the city will have to make some provision for burying the dead elsewhere. There are no lots now for sale to the colored people, and those that are for sale to the white people are being rapidly purchased. It is true that there are lots out there but they are such as are not desired by the wealthier classes and are in many respects undesirable. People do not like to bury their relatives and friends in an out-of-the-way place where the grave-robbers can have full access to the grave and easily get away with the body. The most lonely and desolate looking place I ever saw is the new portion of Oakland cemetery. It is grown up in weeds and briars, and in many places is washed into gullies. As bad as it is of acres it is being rapidly sold, and within a short time will all be taken up. It is true that people can be buried in Oakland cemetery for a long time to come, because all of the lots are not filled with graves, but one of these days some man will go out there and find that he cannot get a lot and then stick a communion will be created as will result in a hasty purchase and one that will not be as satisfactory as it should be."

"What is your plan?"

"I have several plans that you might suggest, perhaps the best of which is the purchase of a hundred or two acres of land on the south side of the cemetery. Colonel Grant owns, I think, about two hundred acres over there, and would not sell a part of it without selling all, even if any of it could be bought. I am not sure that he would sell any of it. It would have to be bought during his lifetime, so that we could remove certain stipulations in the deeds as to its not being used for cemetery purposes. If this land was secured and turned into a cemetery, a street car line ought to be built down Jones street, from Washington to the cemetery. The main advantage of this location would be that it is conveniently situated and easily accessible to the poor as well as the wealthy classes."

"What is your next choice?"

"If the ground which I have mentioned cannot be purchased I favor carrying the cemetery out Peachtree street beyond the city limits."

"What are the advantages out there?"

"A good place could be secured and that could be beautified. I would be glad to see Atlanta with a cemetery so beautiful in its arrangement that it would be the admiration of all who visited it, even strangers."

"How much should be purchased?"

"At least 200 acres. My plan is to organize a company to purchase the land and beautify it. We could easily find a hundred or two acres of land in the city which would be suitable for a cemetery. The company would be organized by a few men, and the land would be held in common, and the expenses would be paid by the members of the company. The company would be responsible for the care and maintenance of the cemetery, and the members would be responsible for the care and maintenance of the cemetery."

"What other advantages make you favor Peachtree street?"

"The advantages in denying it there is fashion in cemeteries as well as in anything else, and the Peachtree street people realize that fact. My opinion is that it is a good place to locate out in, buy lots and remove their dead from Oakland to the new cemetery. They would be able and willing to pay good prices for the lots and that would make it better for the cemetery company."

"But don't you think that the people along Peachtree street would object to having a cemetery on their side of town?"

"They simply are fashionable people, have a fashionable drive, and are fit to be in anything else, not to want to live on a street where the ever-passing hearse and funeral procession would remind them of death."

"If there are any people here who are ashamed of a hearse they had better be in the ground now!"

"But, my dear friend, I tell you they will not."

"Well, then it can go somewhere else."

"I could go out to Ponce de Leon, if that place is bought for a park, and we could have it the two near together. Or we could have it down Pryor toward the water works, or beyond the rolling mill. Pryor street would lead to a good one. The city is well situated for almost any location, as the cars all run to the center of town, and almost any place can be reached conveniently. The best location out of town would be two miles from the center of town. The distance out would be the main objection, although Spring Grove cemetery is only six miles from the center of the city."

"What are your ideas about the management of the cemetery?"

"The cemetery should be divided into two parts, one for white and one colored, with the sexton's office at the entrance. The graves in the public ground should be numbered systematically, so that no difficulty would be experienced after the head-boards are down. Why, in Oakland cemetery things are so mixed that you can't tell anything about the graves or where they are when you come to visit them. I have been buried in a metallic case before I went there and it is a fact that no search of the records or of the graves ever enabled us to

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IS NOW IN MARKET BUYING OUR

NEW SPRING GOODS.

WHITE GOODS AND EMBROIDERIES NOW ARRIVING.

Beautiful CAKETS just in. We have the best line of EXTRA GOOD SHOES for Ladies, Children and Gents in Atlanta.

### NEW DEPARTMENT.

We have a lady who gives instructions in Fancy Work, Kensington a specialty. Orders taken for Stamping.

### CHAMBERLIN BOYNTON & CO.

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